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(54) **SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR CONFIGURING CONTROLLING DEVICE FUNCTIONALITY**

(71) Applicant: **UNIVERSAL ELECTRONICS INC.**, Santa Ana, CA (US)

(72) Inventors: **Brian Barnett**, Oakland, CA (US); **Arsham Hatambeiki**, San Diego, CA (US); **Rex Xu**, Tustin, CA (US); **Jesus Perez**, Costa Mesa, CA (US)

(73) Assignee: **Universal Electronics Inc.**, Santa Ana, CA (US)

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H04N 21/422 (2011.01)
H04N 21/4363 (2011.01)
H04N 21/442 (2011.01)

(Continued)

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(58) **Field of Classification Search**
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See application file for complete search history.

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Primary Examiner — Jefferey Harold

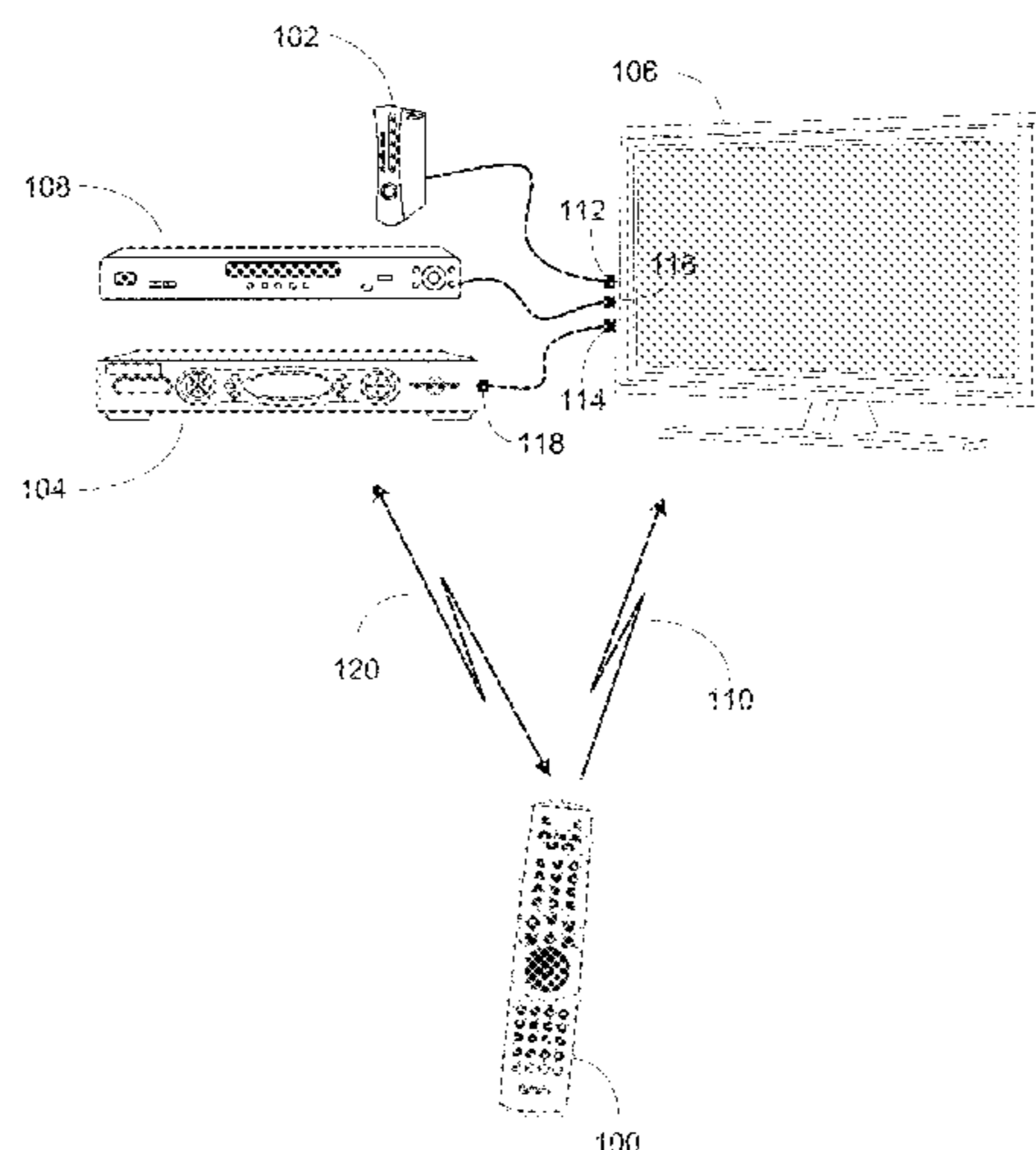
Assistant Examiner — Samira Monshi

(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm* — Greenberg, Traurig, LLP

(57) **ABSTRACT**

A controlling device is automatically configured to issue a communication directly to a first controllable appliance to control a functional operation of the first controllable appliance in the event that the first controllable appliance is determined to be unresponsive to a command communication transmitted to the first controllable appliance via a digital communications link or to issue a communication to a second controllable appliance to control the functional operation of the first controllable appliance via a digital communications link in the event that first controllable appliance is determined to be responsive to a command communication transmitted to the first controllable appliance via a digital communications link.

13 Claims, 6 Drawing Sheets



Related U.S. Application Data

continuation of application No. 13/240,604, filed on
Sep. 22, 2011, now Pat. No. 9,019,435.

- (51) **Int. Cl.**
H04N 21/45 (2011.01)
H04N 21/485 (2011.01)
H04N 5/775 (2006.01)

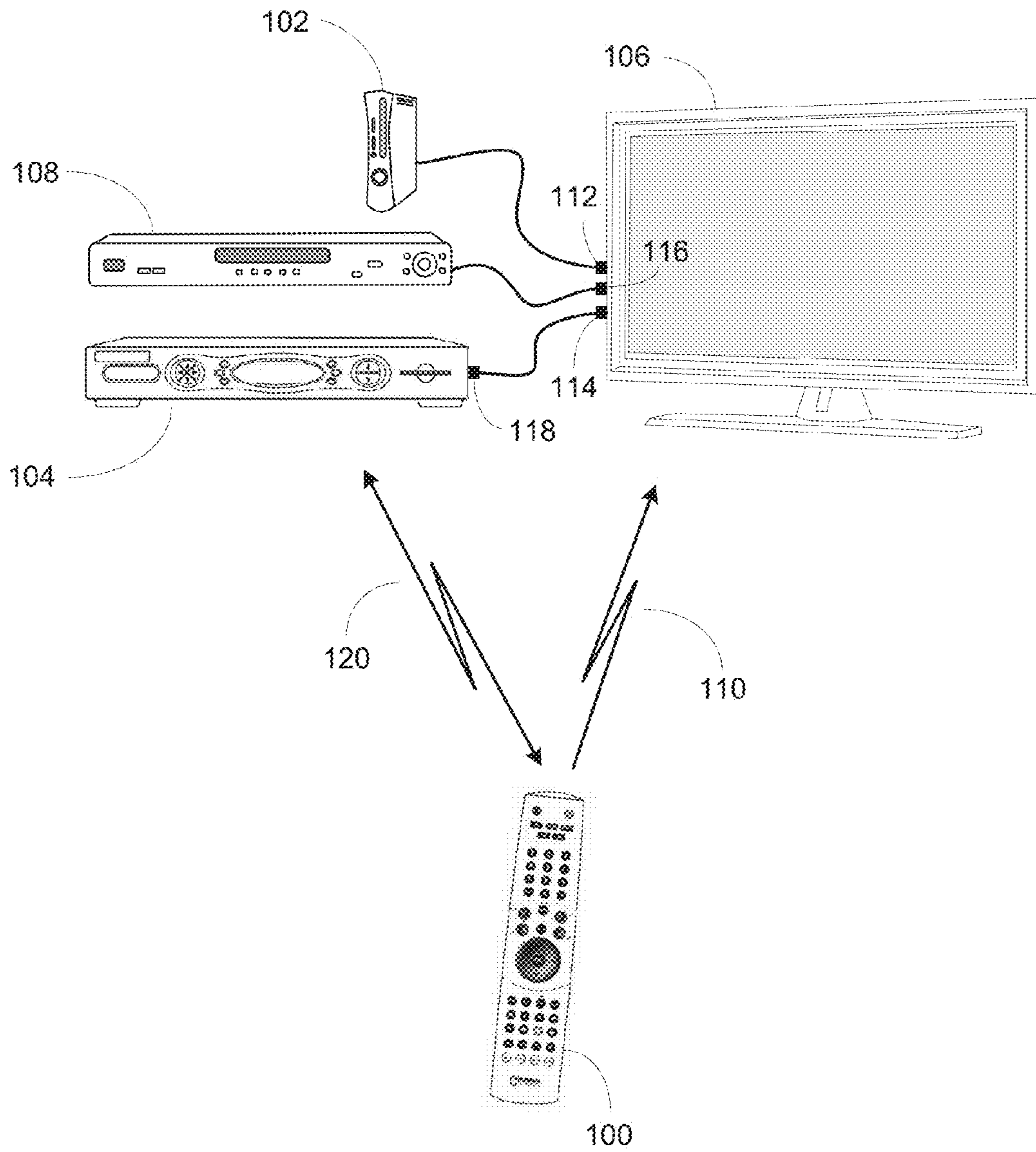


Figure 1

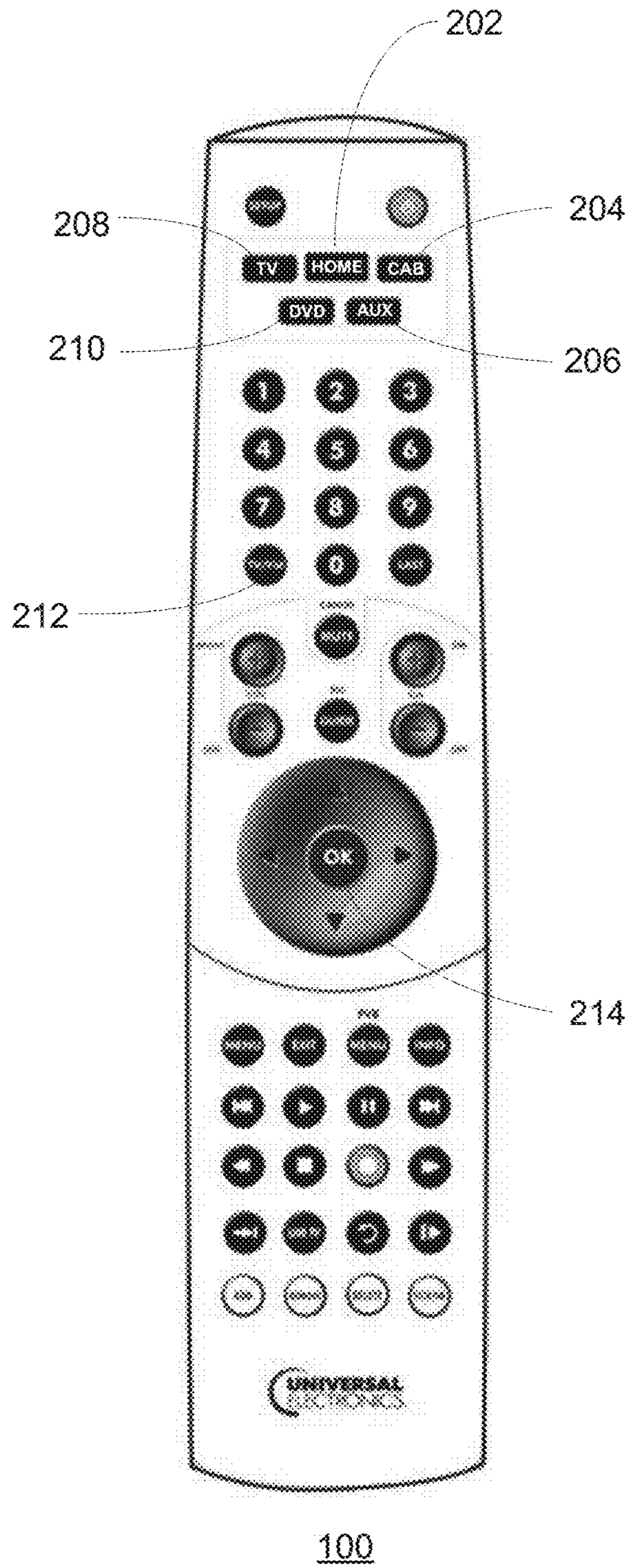


Figure 2

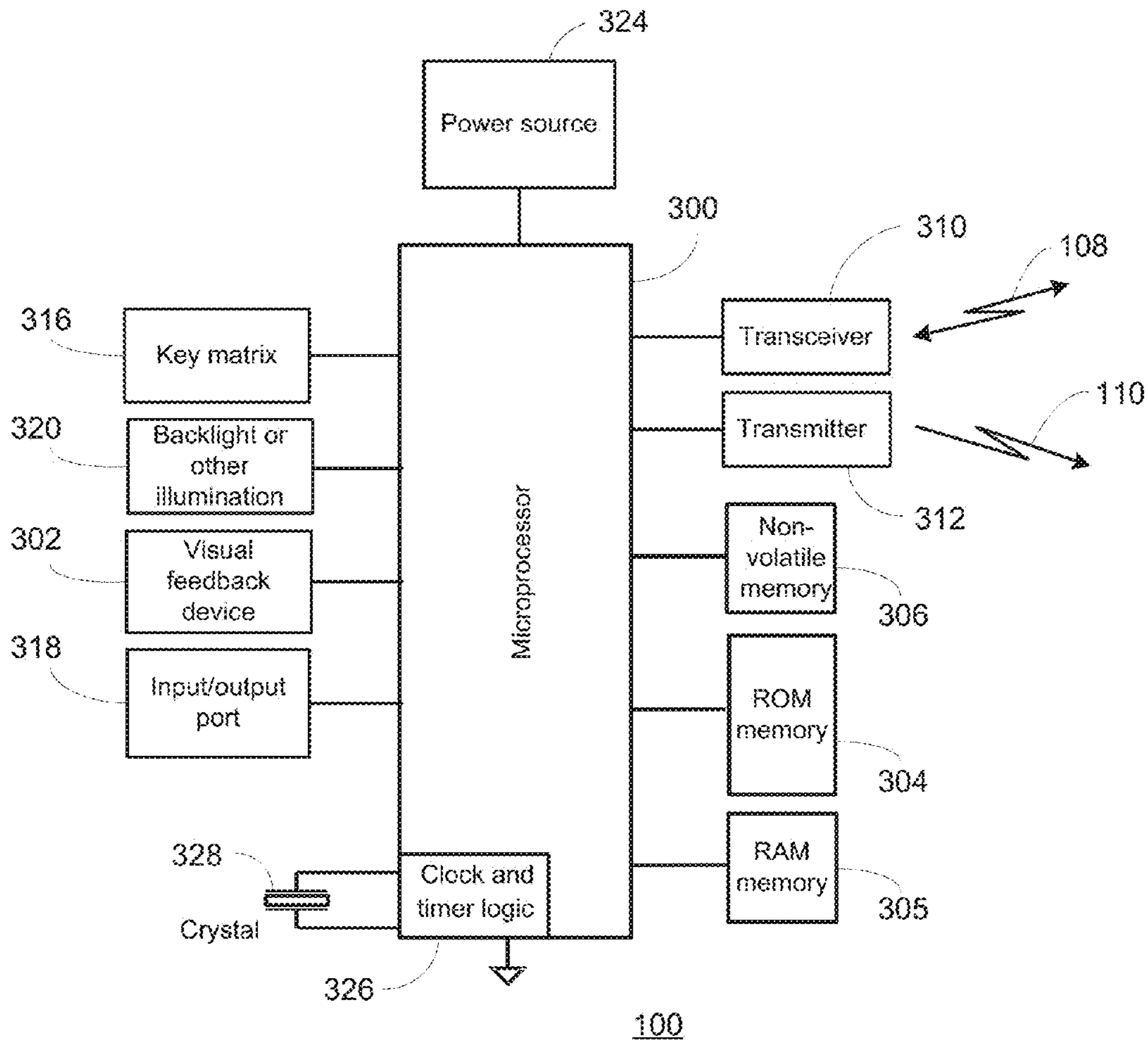


Figure 3

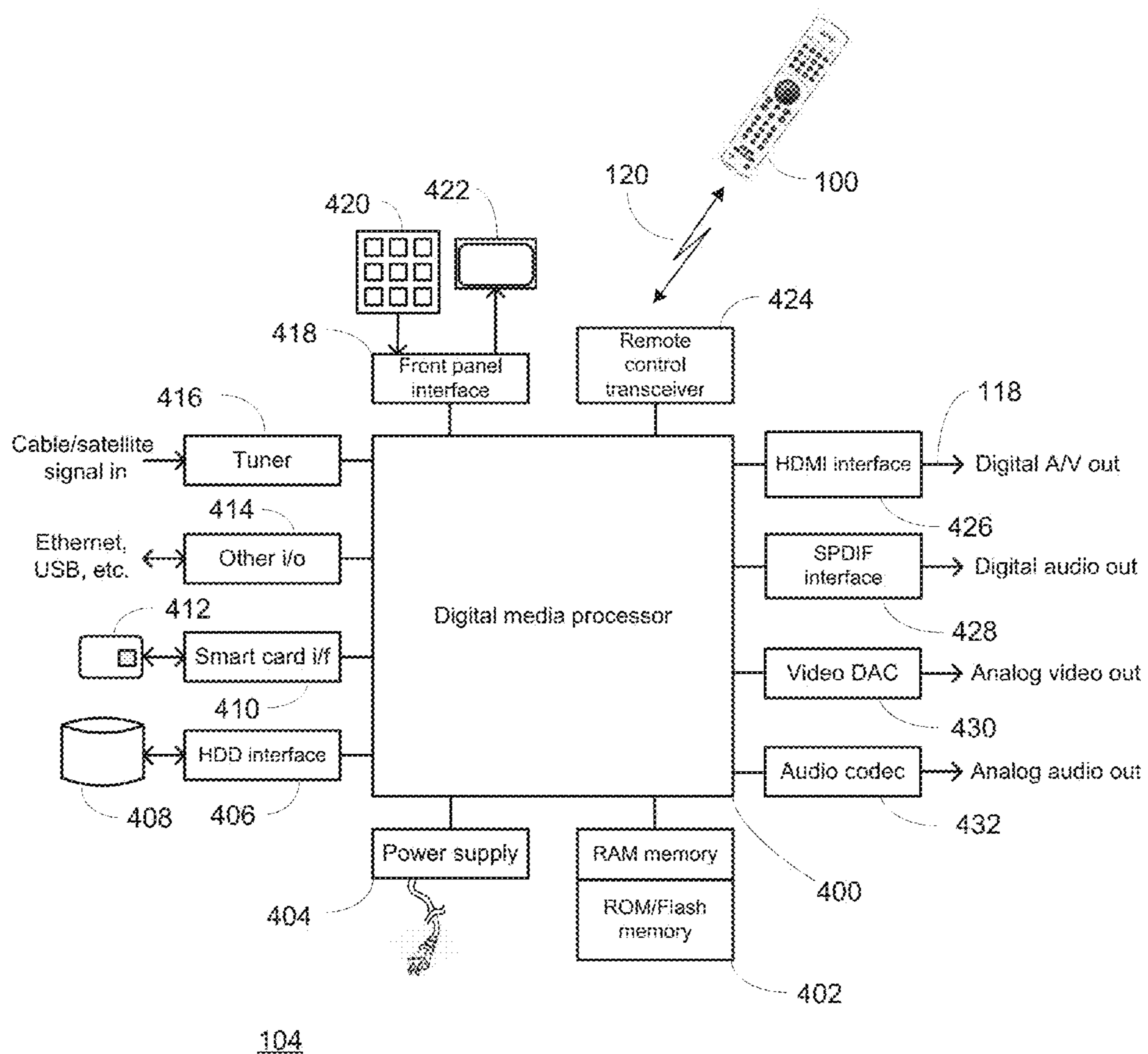


Figure 4

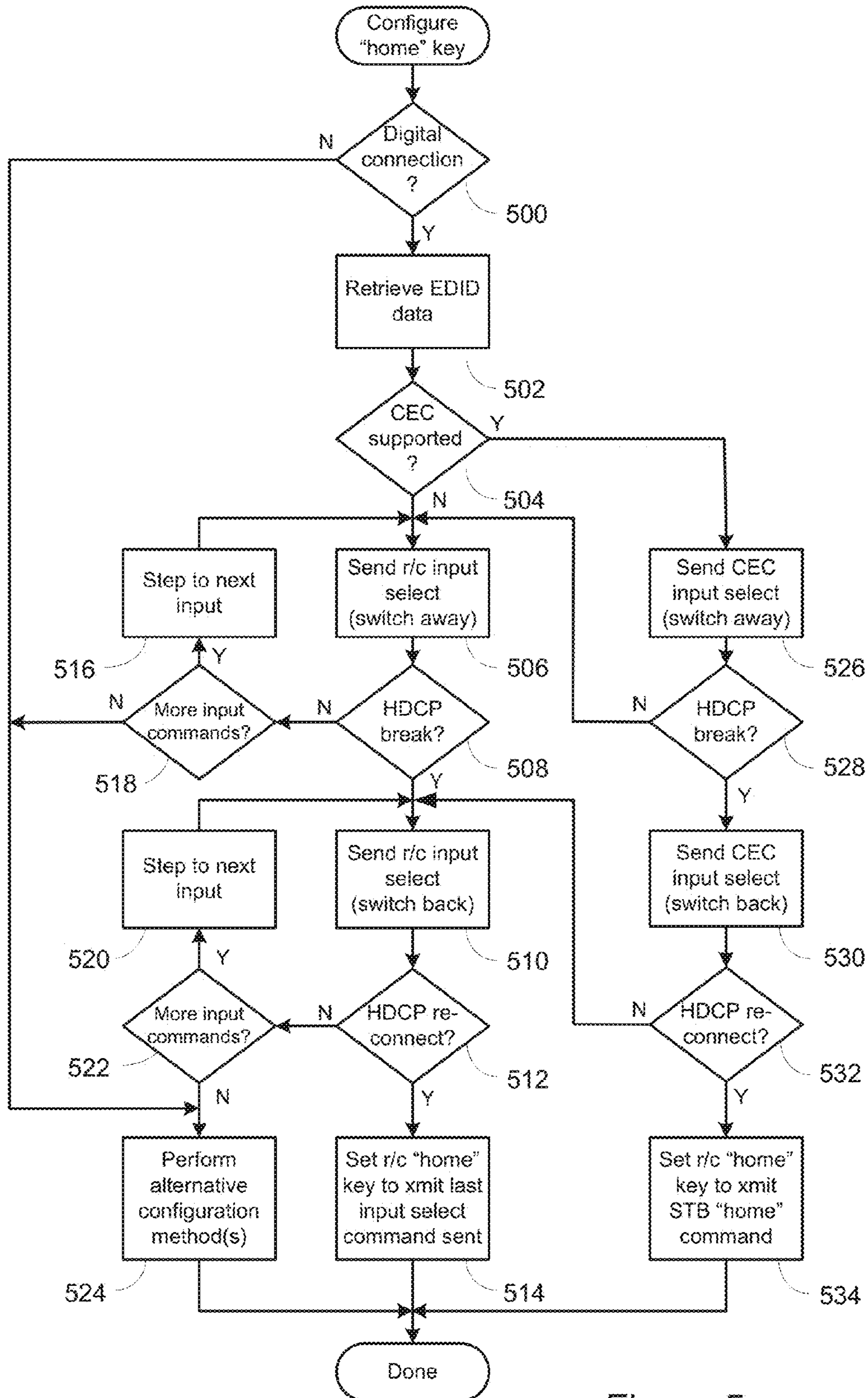


Figure 5

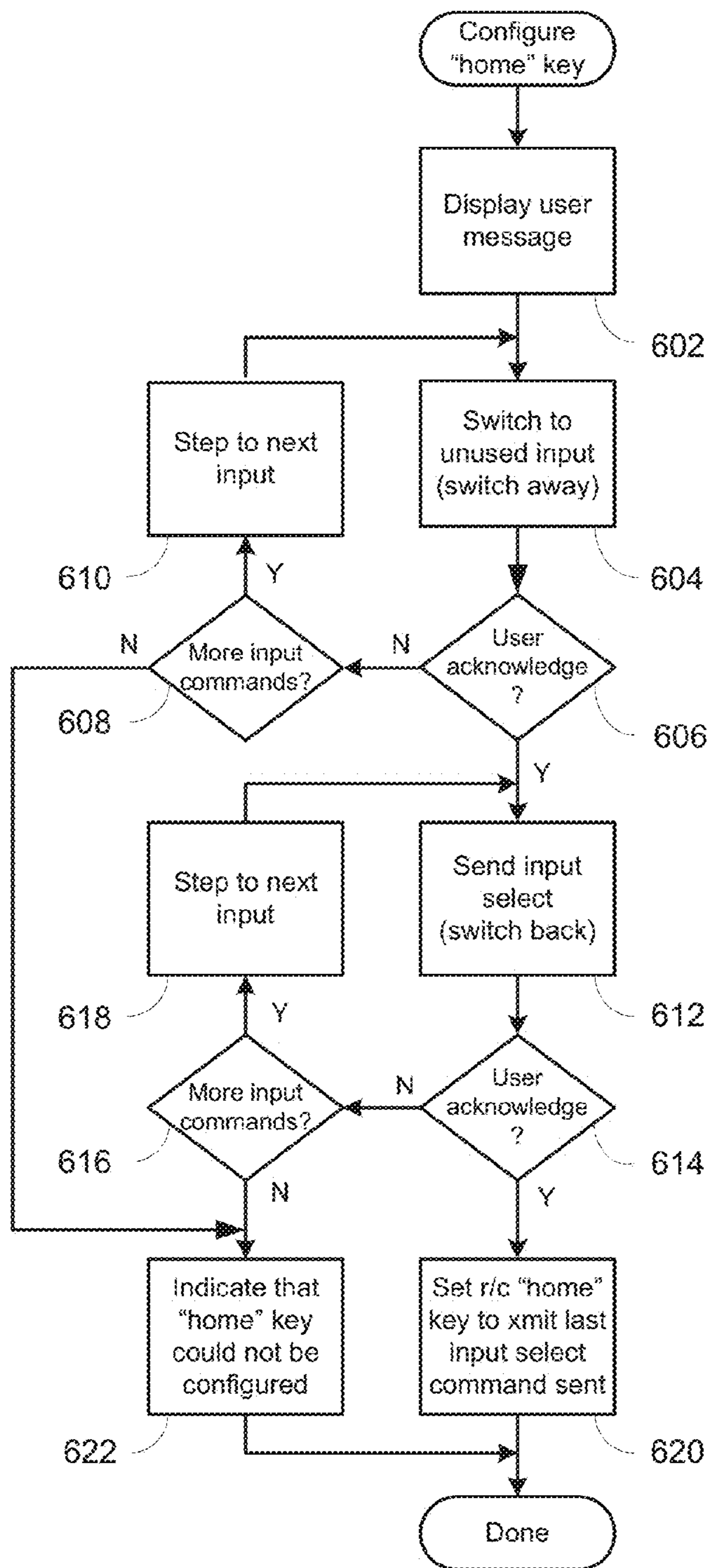


Figure 6

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SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR CONFIGURING CONTROLLING DEVICE FUNCTIONALITY

RELATED APPLICATION INFORMATION

This application claims the benefit of and is a continuation of U.S. application Ser. No. 14/676,556, filed on Apr. 1, 2015, which application claims the benefit of and is a continuation of U.S. application Ser. No. 13/240,604, filed on Sep. 22, 2011, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entirety.

BACKGROUND

Consumer electronic appliances such as set top boxes for receiving and decoding cable and satellite signals, televisions, DVD players, game systems, etc. are well known in the art, as are the hand held controlling devices, for example remote controls, which may be provided for use in issuing commands to these appliances. Frequently, such controlling devices may be “universal,” that is, capable of issuing commands suitable for the control of more than one appliance of differing type and/or manufacture.

Increasingly, the interconnections between consumer appliances such as those mentioned above may take the form of digital interfaces based upon, for example, the High-Definition Multimedia Interface (HDMI) standard. The utilization of such digital interconnections may facilitate the exchange of identity information, commands, and capability data between devices and/or the discovery of system topology, which information may be advantageously used when configuring a controlling device.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates generally to systems in which a universal controlling device may be configured for use in conjunction with multiple interconnected consumer electronic appliances. In particular, when the interconnection(s) between appliances take the form of a digital interface such as contemplated for example by the HDMI standard, the additional features and functionality of such an interconnection arrangement may be advantageously utilized during configuration and operation of a controlling device associated with that system. The capabilities of individual appliances may be discovered, assessed, and control methods adjusted accordingly, for example substituting direct digital commands issued over the interconnecting bus for wireless infrared or RF command transmissions from a portable controlling device where appropriate. System topologies (e.g., which outputs of which appliance are connected to which inputs of which other appliance(s)) may be established via direct interrogation or by monitoring of digital status during setup, and applied thereafter to the configuration of controlling device and appliance functionality, etc.

In an exemplary embodiment presented herein by way of illustration, such digital discovery, command substitution, and topology determination methods are applied to the configuration of a “home” key on a portable controlling device, where the function of such a key is to return an entertainment system to a known state.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

For a better understanding of the various aspects of the invention, reference may be had to preferred embodiments shown in the attached drawings in which:

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FIG. 1 illustrates an exemplary system in which a controlling device and a set top box configured in accordance with the instant invention may be utilized;

FIG. 2 further illustrates the exemplary controlling device of the system of FIG. 1;

FIG. 3 illustrates a block diagram of exemplary components of the exemplary controlling device of FIG. 1;

FIG. 4 illustrates a block diagram of exemplary components of the exemplary set top box of FIG. 1;

FIG. 5 illustrates an exemplary series of steps which may be performed when configuring the controlling device of FIG. 1; and

FIG. 6 illustrates a further exemplary series of steps which may be performed when configuring the controlling device of FIG. 1.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Turning now to FIG. 1, an exemplary system is illustrated wherein a controlling device **100** is configurable to control various appliances, such as a set top box (“STB”) **104**, a television **106**, a DVD player **108**, and/or a game console **102**. As illustrated, the digital audio/video outputs of appliances **102**, **104** and **108**, for example output **118** of STB **104**, may be attached to digital inputs **112**, **114** and **116** of TV **106** in accordance with, for example, the HDMI standard. As is known in the art, the controlling device **100** may be capable of transmitting commands to the appliances, using any convenient IR, RF, Point-to-Point, or networked protocol, to cause the appliances to perform operational functions. Such transmission protocols may be unidirectional **110** or bidirectional **120** as appropriate for the particular appliance to be controlled. In a preferred embodiment, communication between controlling device **100** and at least one of the appliances, e.g., STB **104**, comprises a bidirectional link **120**.

With reference to FIG. 2, an exemplary controlling device **100** may include, inter alia, keys **204** through **210** for selection of an appliance to be controlled, a key **212** or keys for issuing commands to change the active input of a selected appliance, a “select” or “OK” key **214**, and a “home” key **202** which may be configured to issue a command or commands intended to restore an appliance to a known state.

Turning now to FIG. 3, for use in commanding the functional operations of one or more appliances an exemplary controlling device **100** may include a processor **300** coupled to a ROM memory **304**, a RAM memory **305**, a key matrix **316** (e.g., hard keys, soft keys such as a touch sensitive surface overlaid on a liquid crystal (LCD), transmitter circuit(s) **312** and/or transceiver circuit(s) **310** (it being appreciated that elements **310** and **312** may comprise one or more than one transceiver or transmitter, and may utilize IR and/or RF signaling, in any combination as appropriate for a particular embodiment), clock and timer logic **326** with associated crystal or resonator **328**, a power source **324** such as a battery, a non-volatile read/write memory **306** such as Flash, battery backed up SRAM, etc., and as required for a particular embodiment means **302** to provide feedback to the user (e.g., one or more LEDs, display, speaker, and/or the like), an input/output port **318** such as a serial interface, USB port, modem, Zigbee, WiFi, or Bluetooth transceiver, etc., and means **320** for backlighting a LCD display or keypad.

As will be understood by those skilled in the art, some or all of the memories **304**, **305**, **306** may include executable instructions that are intended to be executed by the processor

300 to control the operation of controlling device **100**, as well as data which serves to define to the operational software the necessary control protocols and command values for use in transmitting command signals to controllable appliances (collectively, the command data). In this manner, the processor **300** may be programmed to control the various electronic components within the controlling device **100**, e.g., to monitor the key matrix **316**, to cause the transmission of signals, etc. The non-volatile read/write memory **306**, for example an EEPROM, battery-backed up RAM, FLASH, Smart Card, memory stick, or the like type of non-transitory, readable media, may additionally be provided to store setup data and parameters as necessary. While the memory **304** is illustrated and described as a ROM memory, memory **304** can also be comprised of any type of readable media, such as ROM, FLASH, EEPROM, or the like type of non-transitory, readable media. Preferably, read/write memories **304** and **305** are non-volatile or battery-backed such that data is not required to be reloaded after battery changes. In addition, the memories **304**, **305** and **306** may take the form of a chip, a hard disk, a magnetic disk, an optical disk, and/or the like. Still further, it will be appreciated that some or all of the illustrated memory devices may be physically combined (for example, a single FLASH memory may be logically partitioned into different portions to support the functionality of memories **304** and **306** respectively), and/or may be physically incorporated within the same IC chip as the microprocessor **300** (a so called "microcontroller") and, as such, they are shown separately in FIG. 3 only for the sake of clarity.

To cause the controlling device **100** to perform an action, the controlling device **100** may be adapted to be responsive to events, such as a sensed user interaction with the key matrix **316**, detection of a triggering event via an appropriate trigger sensor, etc. In response to an event, appropriate instructions within the program memory (hereafter the "controlling device operating program") may be executed. For example, when a function key is actuated on controlling device **100**, the controlling device operating program may retrieve from the command data stored in memory **304**, **305**, **306** a command value and transmission protocol corresponding to the actuated function key and, where necessary, current device mode, and transmit that command to an intended target appliance, e.g., TV **106** or STB **104**, in a format recognizable by that appliance to thereby control one or more functional operations of that appliance. It will be appreciated that the operating program can be used not only to cause the transmission of commands and/or data to the appliances, but also to perform other operations. While not limiting, other operations that may be performed by the controlling device **100** may include displaying information/data, favorite channel setup, macro key setup, function key relocation, etc. Examples of local operations may be found in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,481,256, 5,959,751, and 6,014,092. Further, in an exemplary embodiment certain operations may comprise interactions with an appliance such as STB **104** via bidirectional communication link **120**, as will be described in greater detail hereafter.

In an exemplary embodiment, controlling device **100** may be universal, that is, adaptable to issue commands to a multiplicity of appliances of different type and/or manufacture. In such cases, for selecting a set of command data to be associated with an appliance to be controlled, data may be provided to the controlling device **100** that serves to identify an intended target appliance by its type and make (and sometimes model). Such data allows the controlling device **100** to identify the appropriate command data and transmis-

sion protocol within a preprogrammed library of command data that is to be used to transmit recognizable commands in a format appropriate for such identified appliances (hereafter a "codeset"). As is known in the art, identification of an appropriate codeset may comprise entry of a numeric setup code obtained, for example, from a printed list of manufacturer names and/or models with corresponding code numbers or from a support Web site; may comprise an interaction with an appliance such as STB **104** which culminates in the downloading of command data and/or numeric setup codes to the controlling device; may comprise scanning of bar codes or RFID tags; etc. Since such methods for setting up a controlling device to command the operation of specific home appliances are well-known, these will not be described in greater detail herein. Nevertheless, for additional information pertaining to setup procedures, the reader may turn, for example, to U.S. Pat. Nos. 4,959,810, 5,614,906, 6,225,938, or 7,969,514 all of like assignee and incorporated herein by reference in their entirety.

Turning now to FIG. 4, an exemplary controllable appliance, e.g., STB **104**, may include, as needed for a particular application, a processor **400** coupled to a memory **402** which may comprise RAM, ROM, and/or Flash memory; a power supply **404**; a hard disk (HDD) interface **406** and associated disk drive **408**, for example to support DVR functionality; a smart card and/or PCMCIA interface **410** where required to accommodate service enablement/decryption cards **412**; other input/output interfaces **414** such as USB, Ethernet, etc.; a front panel interface **418** with associated front panel keypad **420** and display means **422**; a remote control receiver or transceiver **424** for reception of signal from a controlling device **100**; a digital audio/video output interface **426** such as an HDMI port; a digital audio output **432** such as an SPDIF connection; analog video and audio outputs **430,432**; and one or more tuners **416** for receiving and demodulating a cable or satellite signal. As will be appreciated, in general tuner **416** may be capable of receiving both one or more digital media streams comprising program content and a so called out-of-band data stream comprising, for example, program guide information, software updates, etc.

As is known in the art, programming instructions may be stored in a non-transitory readable memory **402** ("STB programming") which when executed by processor **400** may enable the STB appliance **104** to receive and decode digital media and data streams from tuner **416**; to store received media content and data on HDD **408** or in memory **402**; to output received (from tuner **416**) or retrieved (from HDD **408**) media content via one or more of the output ports **426,428**; to monitor other I/O ports **414** for activity; to receive, decode, and act upon user commands received from controlling device **100** or input via front panel **420**; to display program guide information, listings of stored content, or setup and configuration menus at user request and act upon any resulting user input; etc.

Connection of HDMI interface **426** of STB **104** to a compatible appliance such as TV **106** as illustrated in FIG. 1 may enable exchange of digital information between these appliances in accordance with, for example, the Extended Display Identification Data (EDID), Consumer Electronics Control (CEC), and/or High-bandwidth Digital Content Protection (HDCP) standards. By way of explanation, EDID defines data which may be provided by a digital display appliance such as TV **106** to a video source such as STB **104** to characterize the capabilities and configuration of the display device; CEC defines methods by which appliances may exchange command and control information over an

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HDMI link; and HDCP provides a method for appliances to authenticate one another and exchange encryption keys in order to effect secure transmission of digital AV media content. Since all of these standards are readily available from their respective standards-setting bodies, for the sake of brevity the features and functionality thereof will be further presented herein only to the extent necessary for a complete understanding of the instant invention.

In a system such as that illustrated in FIG. 1 in which various appliances may be digitally interconnected in accordance with a standard such as HDMI, an appliance, for example STB 104, may utilize information obtainable via such an interconnection to cooperatively participate in the configuration of a universal controlling device such as controller 100. Such cooperation may comprise communication of identifying information regarding the interconnected other appliances to the controlling device, as described for example in co-pending U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/716,635, of like ownership and incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. Alternatively or in conjunction with such setup, an appliance such as STB 104 may also engage in cooperative determination of system topology and configuration of controlling device features as described herein.

By way of example and without limitation, in an illustrative embodiment of such system topology determination and controlling device configuration it may be considered advantageous for a controlling device 100 offered in conjunction with a STB 104 to be provisioned with a “home” key 202, activation of which may serve to command TV 106 to select as its active input that port which is connected to STB 104, e.g., port 114 in the illustrative example. Provision of such a feature may enable a user who has inadvertently switched TV 106 to a different input source to immediately restore the source to the STB display. While the illustrative example presented herein is in the context of a “home” key 202 which may be specifically provisioned for this purpose, in other embodiments such functionality may be equally advantageously offered in conjunction with an existing appliance selection key such as “Cable” 204 or “DVD” 210, i.e. activation of key 204 may not only place controlling device 100 into an operating mode suitable for controlling STB 104, but may also command TV 106 to select that input port which is associated with viewing STB-sourced content, i.e. port 114; activation of key 210 may not only place controlling device 100 into an operating mode suitable for controlling DVD player 108, but may also command TV 106 to select that input port which is associated with viewing DVD-sourced content, i.e. port 116; etc. Accordingly it will be appreciated that while the methods described below are presented by way of illustration in terms of enabling a “home” 202, such methods may be applied, mutatis mutandis, to the provision of similar functionality to any suitable key of a controlling device. In order to enable such a feature, however, it must first be determined which one of TV inputs 112, 114, 116 is connected to STB 104, and then determine which explicit input select command, either within the CEC repertoire or within the controlling device codeset applicable to TV 106, may command direct selection of that specific input in order that the controlling device 100 may be configured such that actuation of “home” key 202 may cause an appropriate command to be issued to TV 106.

Accordingly, after controlling device 100 has been initially configured to command operation of appliances 102 through 108, preferably in conjunction with STB 104 as described for example in the above referenced U.S. Pat. No. 7,969,514 or in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/716,635,

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in an exemplary embodiment the STB programming of appliance 104 and the controlling device operating program of controlling device 100 may cooperatively execute a series of steps to configure the functionality of “home” key 202, coordinated where necessary over bidirectional communication link 120, as will now be described in conjunction with FIGS. 5 and 6.

With reference to FIG. 5, at step 500 the STB programming may initially determine if a display appliance, e.g., TV 106, is in fact connected to HDMI port 118. If not, retrieval of HDMI-available digital information from the appliance may not be possible, and accordingly the configuration process may continue at step 524 whereat other configuration methods may be attempted, for example as described hereafter in conjunction with FIG. 6. If however an appliance is determined to be connected to HDMI port 118, at step 502 that appliance’s EDID data may be retrieved. The EDID data may indicate, inter alia, which HDMI port of the connected appliance is being used to communicate with STB 104, e.g., port 114 of TV 106 in the illustrative example. Next, at step 504, the STB programming may determine whether the attached appliance supports CEC control over the HDMI connection. This determination may be made based on information contained in the retrieved EDID, may be empirically derived based on the appliance’s response (or lack thereof) to a CEC query, may be obtained by referencing a local or remote database of appliance capabilities using appliance identity information embedded in the EDID or previously gathered during initial setup of controlling device 100, or any other suitable method. If it is determined that the appliance does in fact support CEC control, then at step 526 a CEC command may be issued via the HDMI interconnection to cause the appliance to select a different input as its current AV source. Thereafter, at step 528 the STB programming may determine if an HDCP break has occurred as a result of the command issued at step 526. By way of explanation, whenever a digital pathway is established between an HDCP compliant source device and an HDCP compliant sink device, an authentication process and exchange of encryption keys occurs. Since many sink devices are capable of supporting only one HDCP stream at a time, when sink device inputs are switched the HDCP logical connection with the former source device may be terminated and authentication cancelled. If such an HDCP break is detected, then at step 530 the STB programming may next issue a CEC input select command to return the appliance input to the EDID-indicated HDMI port to which the STB is purportedly connected. Thereafter, at step 532 the STB programming may determine if an HDCP reconnect has occurred as a result of the command issued at step 530. If so, it has been established that the appliance, TV 106 in the illustrative example, may be successfully switched back to the correct input for display of STB output via the use of a CEC command issued over the HDMI interconnection. Accordingly, at step 534 a message may be communicated to controlling device 100 to configure “home” key 202 to transmit a command to STB 104, which command when received by STB 104 will cause issuance of the just-verified CEC input select command to TV 106. As will be appreciated, in some embodiments this may in fact comprise the default configuration for the controlling device “home” key function, in which instances step 534 may be omitted. If either the HDCP break at step 528 or HDCP reconnect at 532 is unsuccessful, it may be assumed that input switching via CEC commands is not adequately supported by the appliance, e.g. TV 106, and as indicated in FIG. 5 the STB

programming may continue at an appropriate point in the controlling device input select command test sequence described below.

Returning to step 504, if the STB programming determines that the attached appliance does not support CEC control, at step 508 it may communicate with controlling device 100, for example via bidirectional communication link 120, in order to request transmission of a preparatory input selection command to the attached appliance, e.g., TV 106. Such a preparatory command, transmitted at step 506, may comprise a command to select an input to which the STB 104 is not connected. By way of example, in the illustrative system this may comprise a command intended to cause TV 106 to switch away from the EDID-indicated HDMI port 114 to which STB 104 is connected, e.g., to one of ports 112 or 116. Thereafter, at step 508 the STB programming may determine if an HDCP break has occurred as a result of the command issued at step 506. If not, at steps 518 and 516 other available input selection commands available in the codeset applicable to TV 106 may be sequentially tested. If no command code is successful in initiating and HDCP break, the STB programming may continue at step 524 where alternative configuration methods may be attempted as described hereafter. If however an HDCP break is successfully initiated, at steps 510, 512, 522, 520 the STB programming may next attempt to determine the input select command which will restore TV 106 to the input port 114 to which STB 104 is connected. As illustrated, this may take the form of repetitive requests to controlling device 100 to cause sequential issuance of possible input select command to TV 106 until an HDCP reconnect is detected by the STB programming. Advantageously, the sequence in which input select commands are issued to TV 104 may be determined in part by the HDMI port number reported by TV 106 as part of the EDID data retrieved at step 502. By way of example, if the EDID data indicates that the connection 114 is to HDMI port number three of TV 106 and a command labeled "HDMI 3" is present in the controlling device codeset applicable to TV 106, then that command may be selected as the first to be attempted. When an HDCP reconnect status is detected by the STB programming, at step 514 a message may be communicated to controlling device 100 to configure "home" key 202 to transmit the TV input select command code last issued in the test sequence, and configuration is complete. If however no HDCP reconnect has been detected upon exhaustion of possible input select codes, at step 524 alternative configuration methods may be attempted, for example such as that described hereafter in conjunction with FIG. 6.

In those cases where a display device such as a TV is not attached to an STB via a digital connection, for example is connected to analog AV outputs 430,432 of STB 104; or where a display device is attached via a digital connection but may not be compatible with the methods described above conjunction with FIG. 5, for example a display device which supports multiple concurrent HDCP sessions and accordingly does not reliably report HDCP session termination when an input is switched, an exemplary alternate configuration method will now be described in conjunction with FIG. 6. As will become apparent, in the illustrative method user feedback may be used in lieu of the HDCP status change detections of the previous methods. This process may commence at step 602 with the STB programming causing display of a message on the TV screen which message may prompt the user to take the required actions. For example, in the illustrative method, the message may request that the user actuate the "OK" key 214 of controlling

device 100 once when the displayed message disappears and a second time when the displayed message reappears. Thereafter, at step 604 the STB programming may request that the controlling device 100 issue a command to cause selection of an unused input of the TV device. Advantageously, the particular input command used may be selected from those available in the current codeset in such a manner as to maximize the probability of the selected input being unused. For example in the case of TV 104 which is known to be interconnected via a digital interface, such an input selection command may be one presumed to be associated with an analog input, for example an "antenna" or a "composite video" input selection command. At step 606 it is then determined, after a suitable delay, whether the user has acknowledged disappearance of the displayed message, i.e., the STB has received a controlling device transmission comprising the command associated with "OK" key 214. If not, the sequence is repeated using a different input select command, via steps 608 and 610. Once the user has confirmed in this manner that the selected TV input is no longer that which is connected to the output of the STB, at steps 612 through 618 the STB programming may cause sequential transmission of available input selection commands until a second user acknowledgement is received to indicate that the selected TV input is once again that input which is connected to the STB, as evidenced by reappearance of the displayed message. Again, the order in which input select commands are tested may be advantageously adjusted according to known factors, for example starting with the EDID indicated port in the case of a digitally attached device; starting with known non-HDMI, non-DVI inputs in the case of an analog attached device; etc. Upon receiving the second user acknowledgement, at step 620 the STB programming may forward an indication to controlling device 100 that the TV input select command code last issued in the test sequence should be assigned to "home" key 202, and configuration is complete. If however a first or second user acknowledgement is not received prior to exhaustion of all possible input selection commands present in the current codeset, then at step 622 an indication may be issued to the user that automatic configuration of the "home" key is not possible. To ensure that it reaches the user regardless of the current state of the TV inputs, such an error indication may comprise, for example, not only an attempted display on the TV screen, but also a message on STB front panel 422, activation of user feedback mechanism 302 of controlling device 100, etc.

While various concepts have been described in detail, it will be appreciated by those skilled in the art that various modifications and alternatives to those concepts could be developed in light of the overall teachings of the disclosure. For example, while the majority of the steps of the exemplary method of FIGS. 5 and 6 are described as performed by the STB programming, it will be appreciated that in other embodiments many of these steps may be equally well performed by the controlling device operating program. Additionally, while presented by way of illustration in the context of configuration of a "home" key of a universal controlling device, it will be appreciated that the methods described herein may be generally applied to the configuration and operation of digitally interconnected systems of electronic appliances, for example without limitation the configuration of activity-specific operations such as "Watch a movie", "Listen to music", "Browse the web", etc.; the determination of favorite equipment configuration settings and restoration thereto; the capture of individual user preferences; etc.

Further, while described in the context of functional modules and illustrated using block diagram format, it is to be understood that, unless otherwise stated to the contrary, one or more of the described functions and/or features may be integrated in a single physical device and/or a software module, or one or more functions and/or features may be implemented in separate physical devices or software modules. It will also be appreciated that a detailed discussion of the actual implementation of each module is not necessary for an enabling understanding of the invention. Rather, the actual implementation of such modules would be well within the routine skill of an engineer, given the disclosure herein of the attributes, functionality, and inter-relationship of the various functional modules in the system. Therefore, a person skilled in the art, applying ordinary skill, will be able to practice the invention set forth in the claims without undue experimentation. It will be additionally appreciated that the particular concepts disclosed are meant to be illustrative only and not limiting as to the scope of the invention which is to be given the full breadth of the appended claims and any equivalents thereof.

All patents cited within this document are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety.

What is claimed is:

1. A system, comprising:

a media source device; and

a controlling device in communication with the media source device via a first communications link;

wherein the media source device is programmed to provide to the controlling device via the first communications link a message having data which indicates whether a media sink device coupled to the media source device is responsive or unresponsive to a command communication transmitted to the media sink device by the media source device via a second communications link between the media source device and the media sink device and wherein the controlling device is programmed to use the data within the message to automatically configure the controlling device such that the controlling device will respond to an activation of an input element of the controlling device by issuing a communication directly to the media sink device via a third communications link between the controlling device and the media sink device to control

the functional operation of the media sink device when the data in the message indicates that the media sink device is unresponsive to the command communication and by issuing a communication directly to the media source device via the first communications link to cause the media source device to issue a command to control the functional operation of the media sink device via the second communications link in the event that data indicates that the media sink device is responsive to the command communication.

2. The system as recited in claim 1, wherein the media source device comprises an Internet connected media streaming device.

3. The system as recited in claim 2, wherein the media sink device comprises a television.

4. The system as recited in claim 1, wherein the media source device comprises a set-top box device.

5. The system as recited in claim 4, wherein the media sink device comprises a television.

6. The system as recited in claim 1, wherein the media source device is programmed to transfer media to the media sink device via the second communications link.

7. The system as recited in claim 1, wherein the functional operation comprises an input selection functional operation.

8. The system as recited in claim 7, wherein the input selection functional operation causes a selection by the media sink device of a specific one of a plurality of input ports of the media sink device.

9. The system as recited in claim 1, wherein the first communications link comprises a wireless communications link.

10. The system as recited in claim 9, wherein the wireless communications link comprises a radio frequency communications link.

11. The system as recited in claim 1, wherein the second communications link comprises a wired communications link.

12. The system as recited in claim 1, wherein the third communications link comprises a wireless communications link.

13. The system as recited in claim 12, wherein the wireless communications link comprises an infrared communications link.

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