

US 20190323689A1

(19) **United States**

(12) **Patent Application Publication**
Cerce et al.

(10) **Pub. No.: US 2019/0323689 A1**

(43) **Pub. Date: Oct. 24, 2019**

(54) **LED BOARD MOUNTING SYSTEM FOR A FIXTURE**

Publication Classification

(71) Applicants: **Dominick Cerce**, Sanford, FL (US);
Saturnino Oquendo, JR., Orlando, FL (US)

(51) **Int. Cl.**
F21V 19/00 (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**
CPC **F21V 19/003** (2013.01); **F21V 23/06** (2013.01); **F21V 19/0045** (2013.01)

(72) Inventors: **Dominick Cerce**, Sanford, FL (US);
Saturnino Oquendo, JR., Orlando, FL (US)

(57) **ABSTRACT**

A light board mounting system includes a fixture frame having a planar surface and a plurality of alternating bosses disposed along a length of the fixture frame. The system also includes a light board having a first side and a second side, a plurality of lights disposed along a length of the light board on the first side, and a pair of electrical contacts coupled to the plurality of lights and mounted to the second side of the light board and extending away from the second side. In addition, the light board mounting system includes a first edge and opposing second edge of the light board secured to the planar surface of the fixture frame between the plurality of alternating bosses, the second side of the light board being adjacent to the planar surface of the fixture frame and the pair of electrical contacts extending through the planar surface.

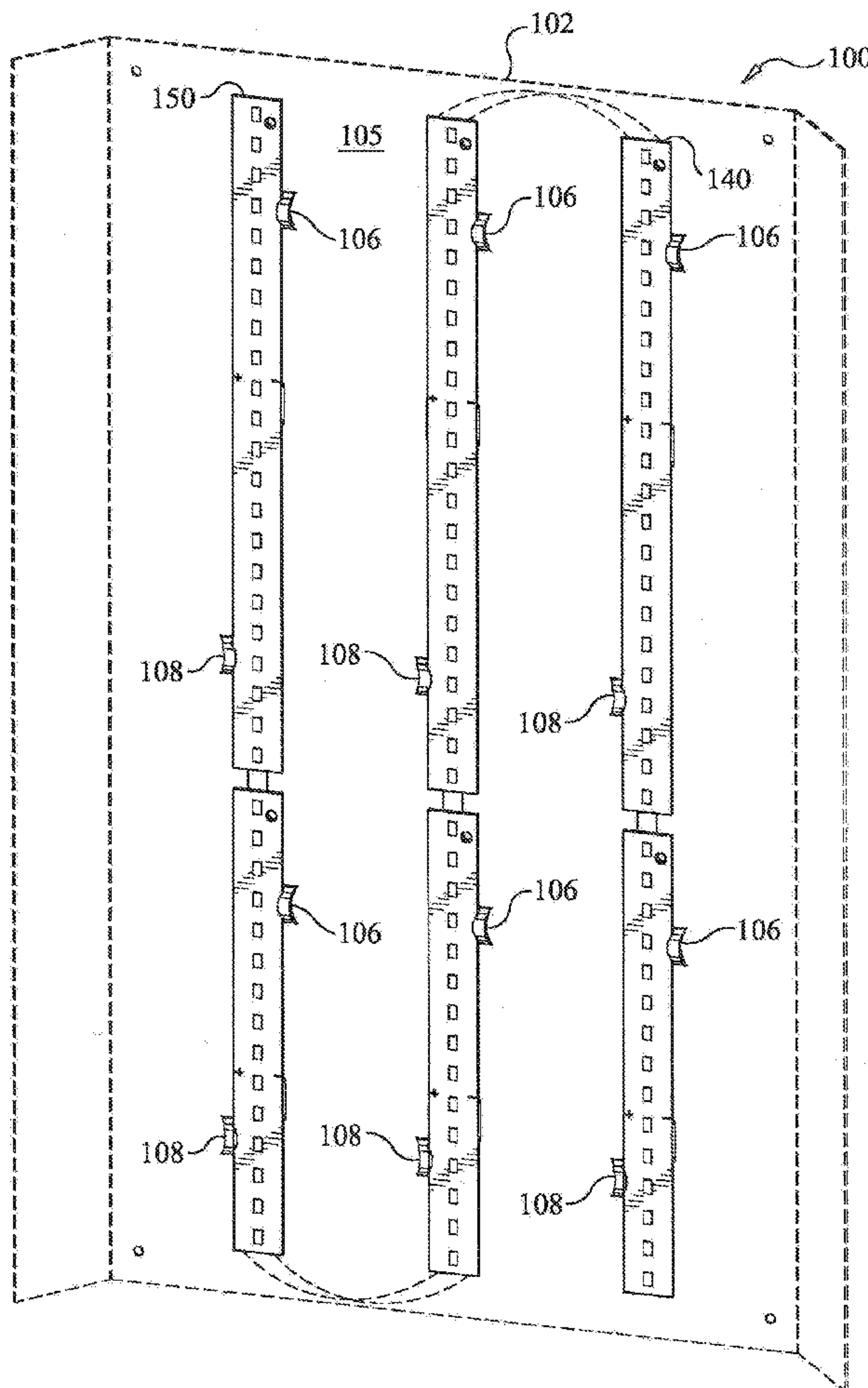
(73) Assignee: **Industrial Lighting Products, LLC**, Sanford, FL (US)

(21) Appl. No.: **16/460,550**

(22) Filed: **Jul. 2, 2019**

Related U.S. Application Data

(63) Continuation of application No. 15/450,633, filed on Mar. 6, 2017, now Pat. No. 10,371,358.



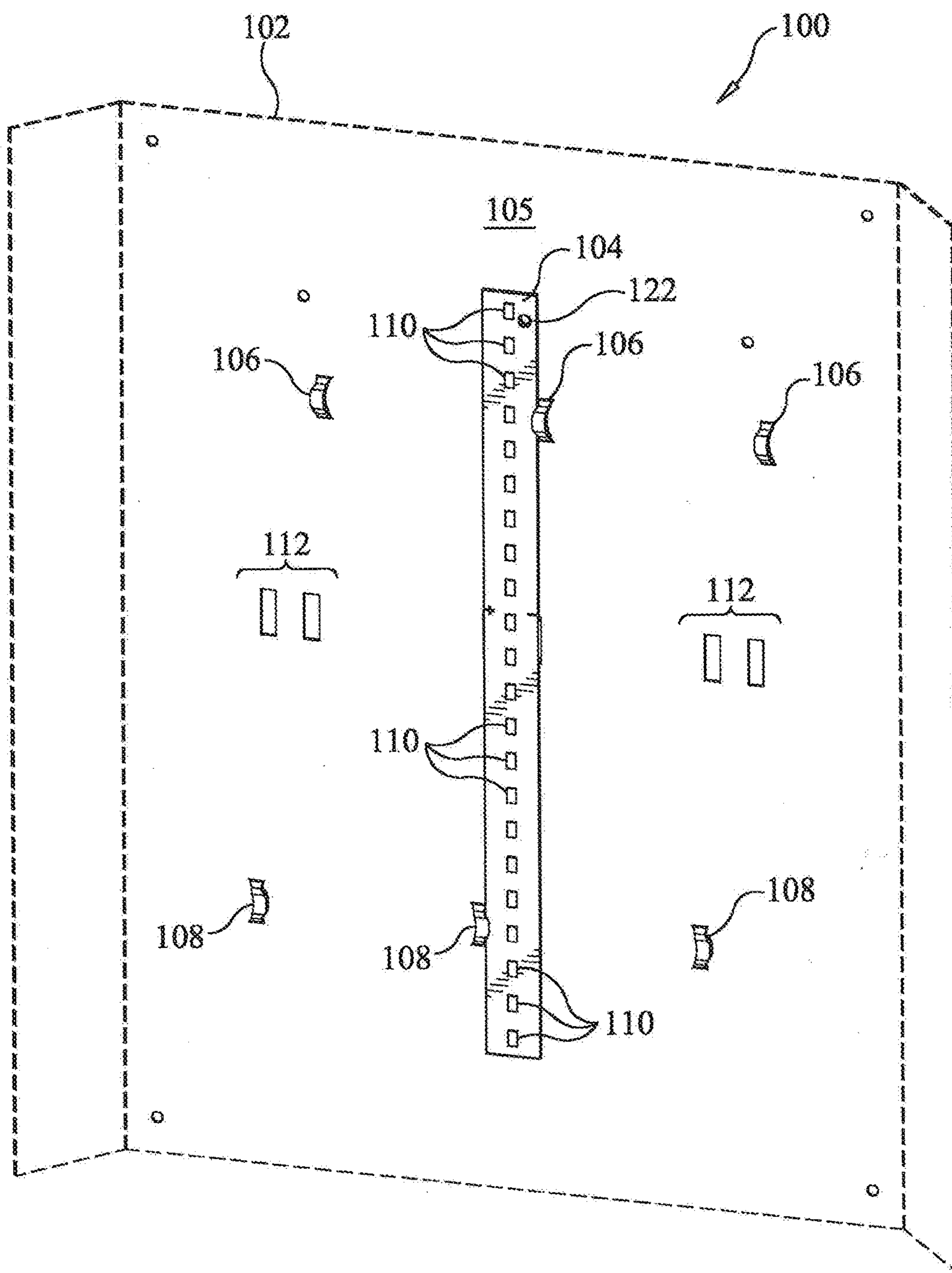


FIG. 1

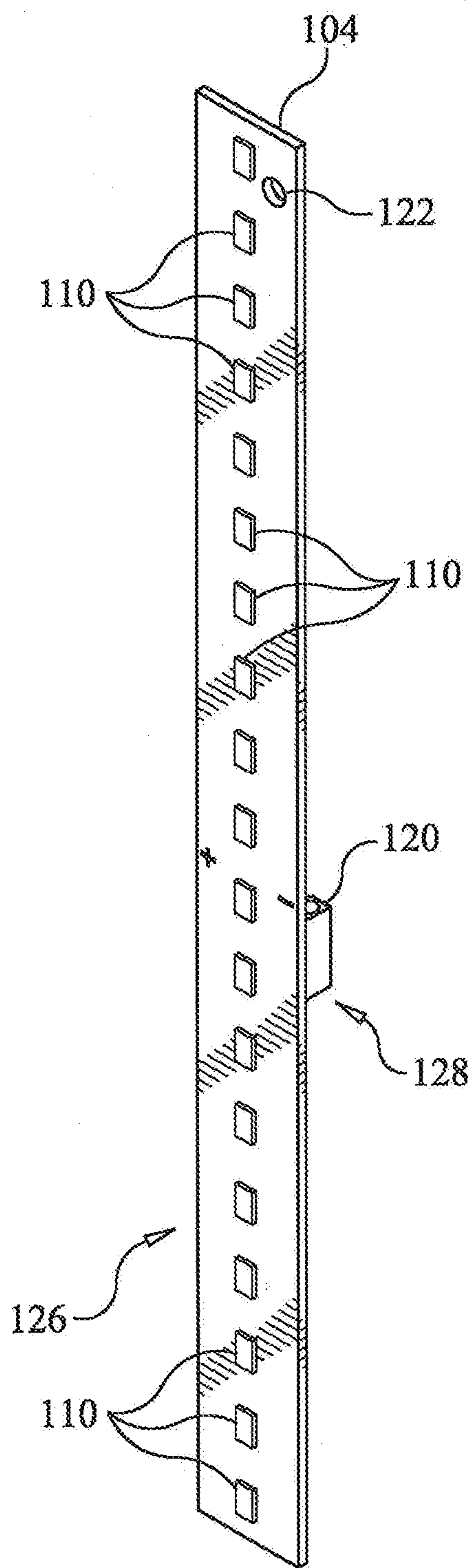


FIG. 2

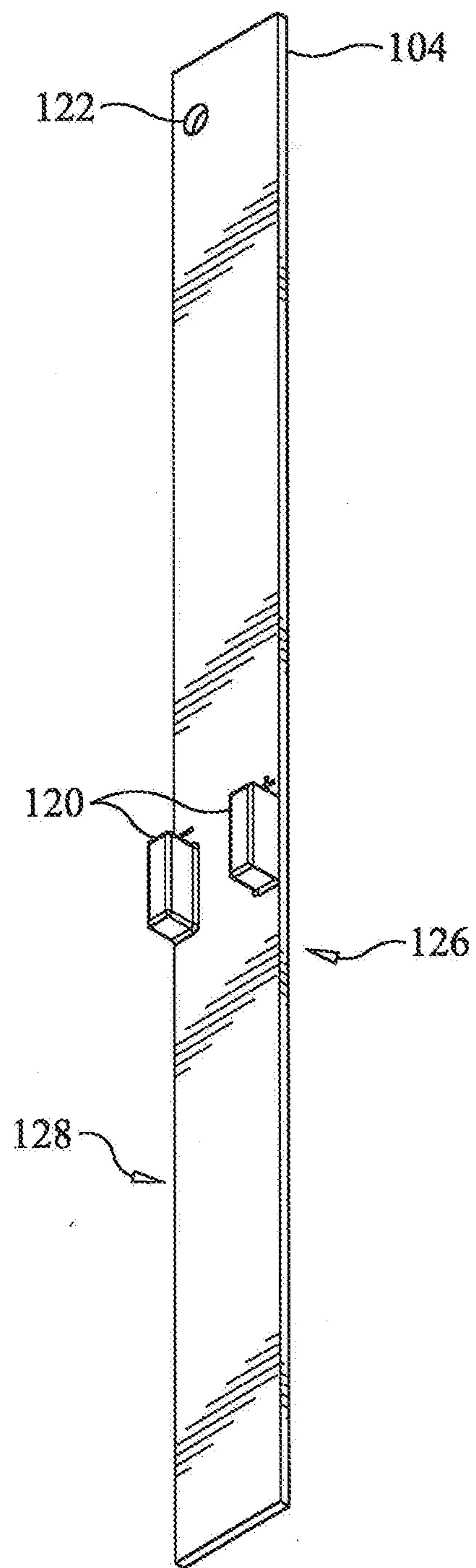


FIG. 3

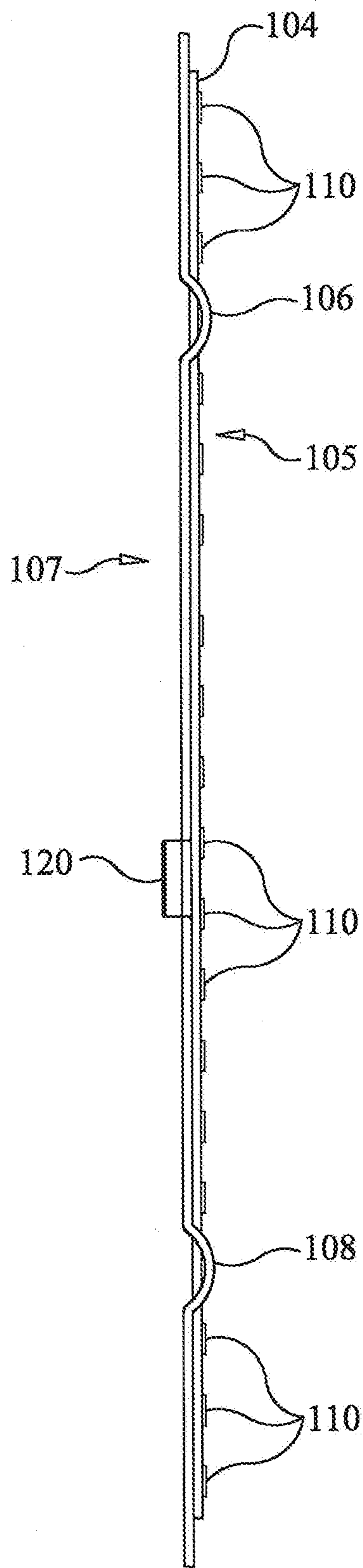


FIG. 4

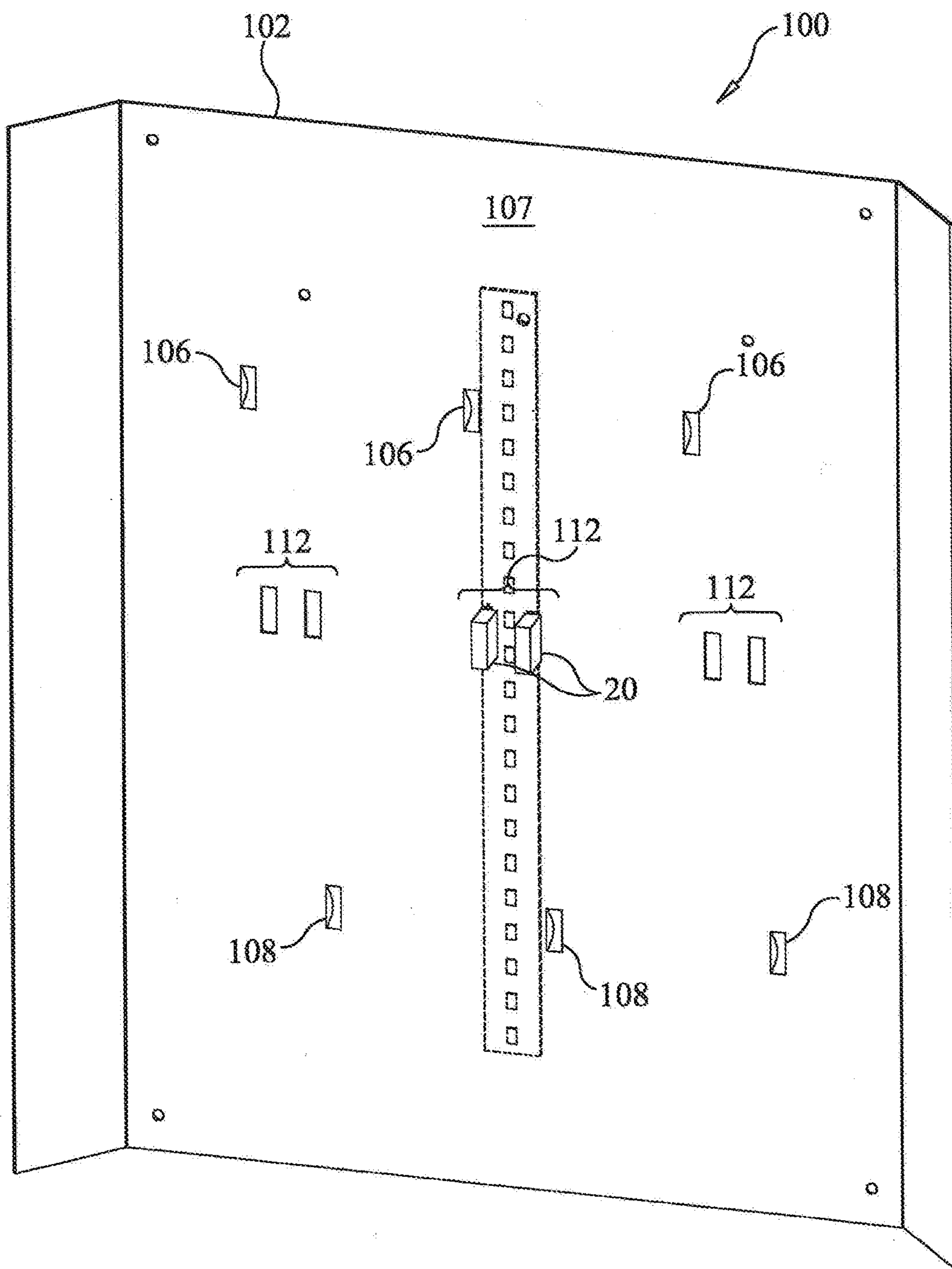


FIG. 5

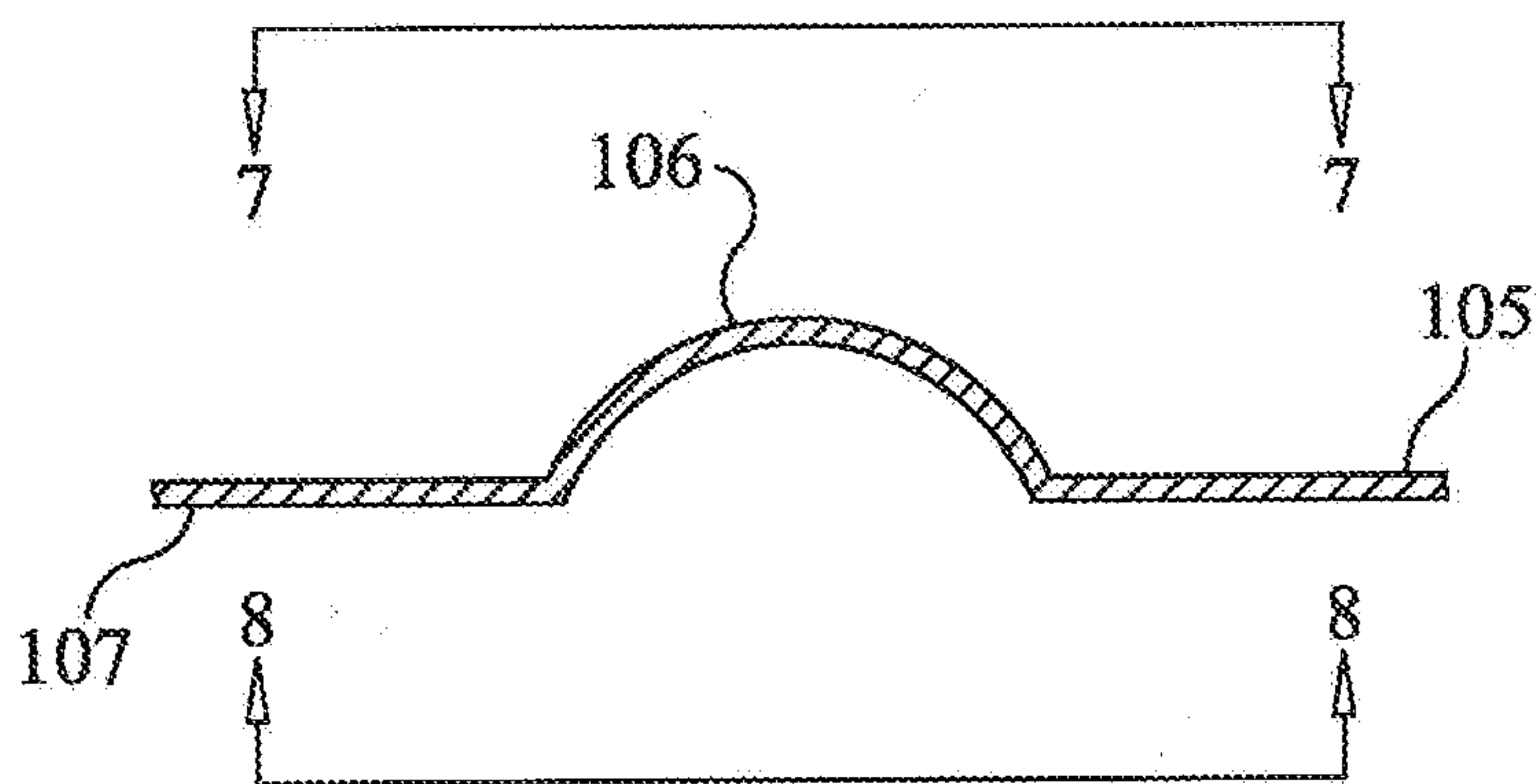


FIG. 6

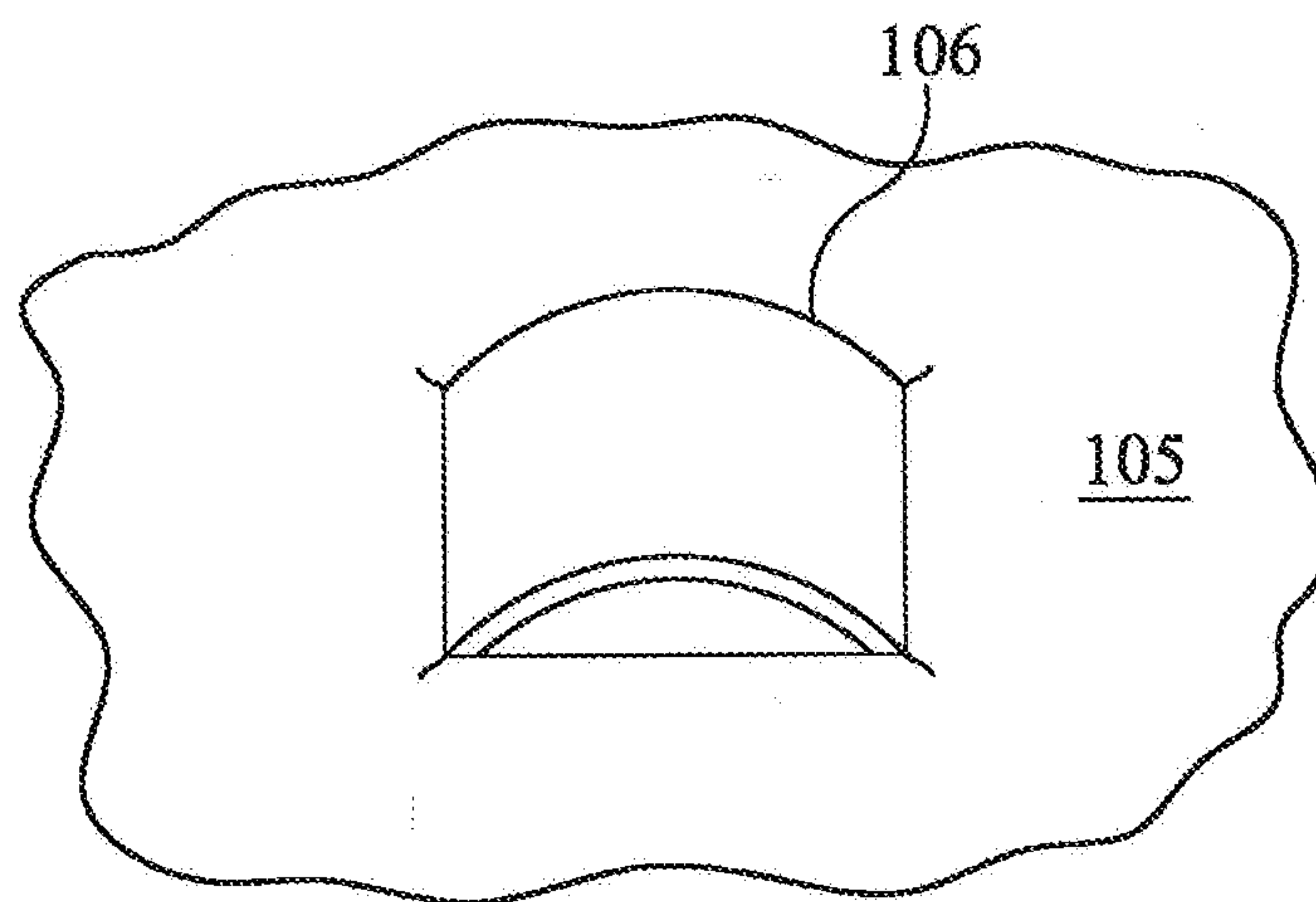


FIG. 7

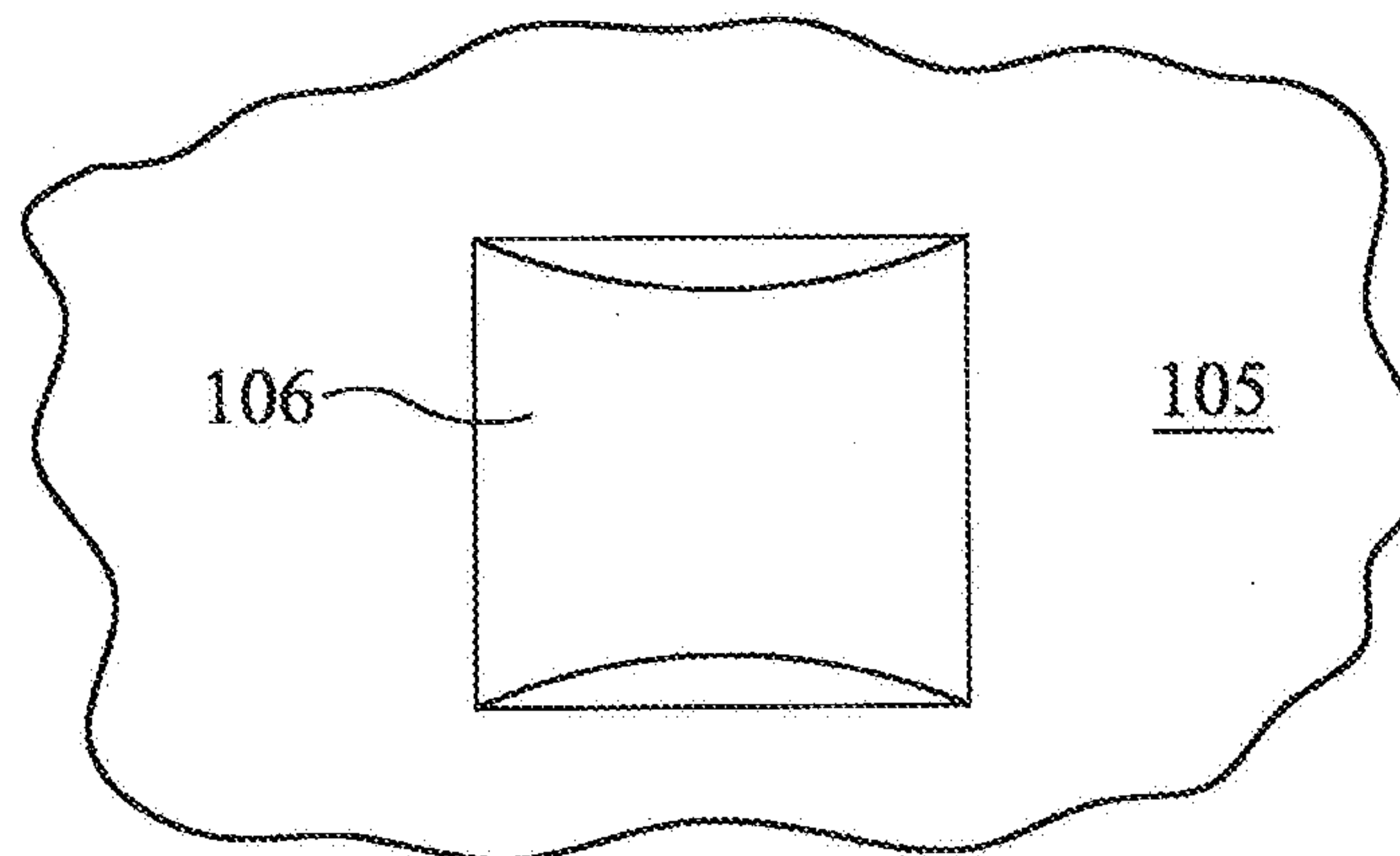


FIG. 8

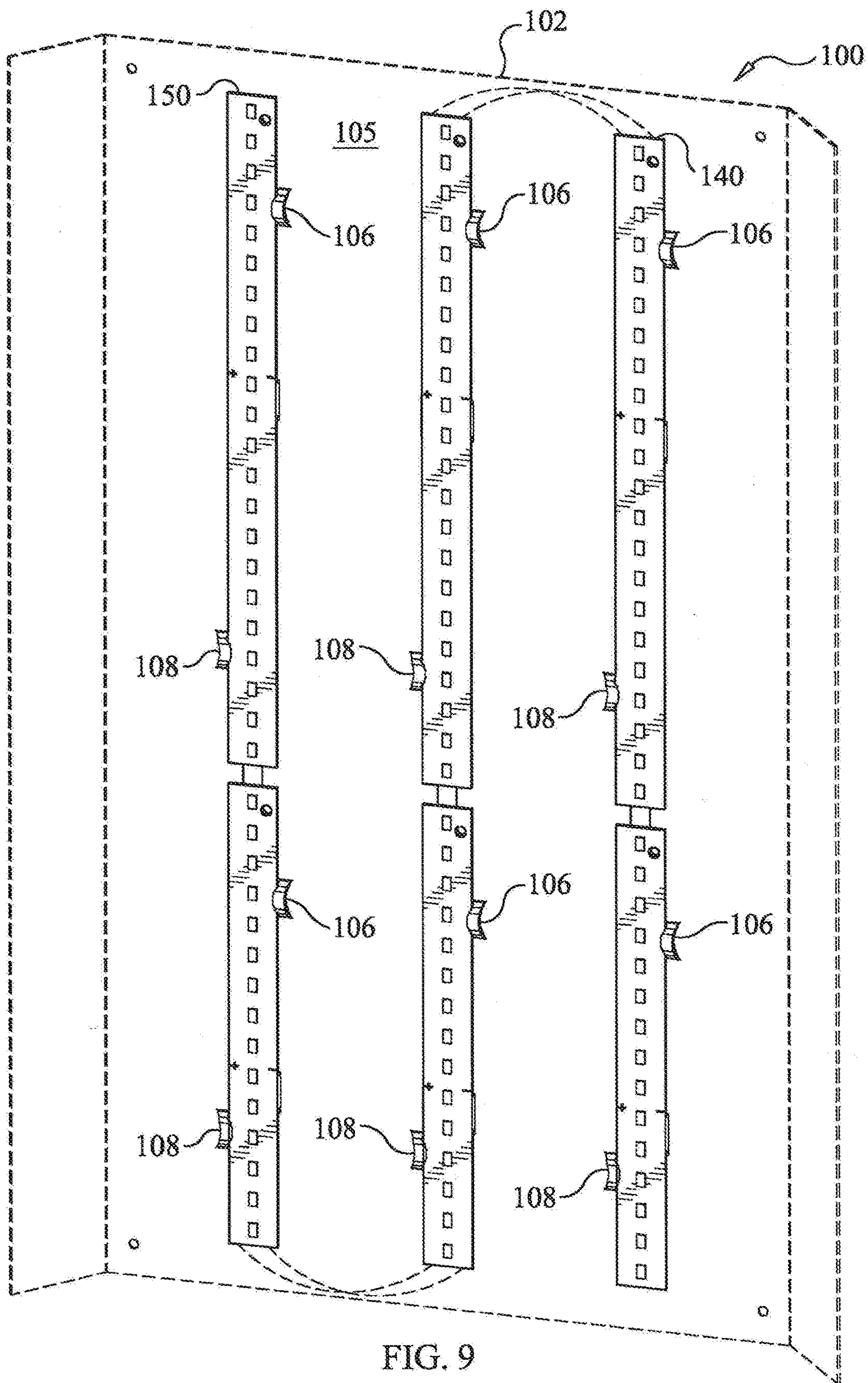


FIG. 9

LED BOARD MOUNTING SYSTEM FOR A FIXTURE

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

[0001] This application is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 15/450,633, filed Mar. 6, 2017, which is herein incorporated in its entirety by reference.

TECHNICAL FIELD

[0002] The present invention relates to the field of light fixtures, and, more particularly, to a light board mounting system for a light fixture and related methods.

BACKGROUND

[0003] The fluorescent light bulbs are used in many commercial applications, particularly for indoor office lighting. The fluorescent light fixtures include a troffer with one or more fluorescent light bulbs, where the fluorescent light bulbs have different sizes. For example, common fluorescent lights for use in indoor lighting include the T5 ($\frac{5}{8}$ inch diameter), T8 (1 inch diameter), and the T12 (1½ inch diameter). Such fluorescent bulbs are relatively inefficient and have a relatively short life. Thus, efforts have been made to identify suitable alternative illumination sources for indoor office lighting applications. Light emitting diodes (“LEDs”) have been identified as one alternative to traditional fluorescent bulbs.

[0004] An LED typically includes a diode mounted onto a die or chip. The die is connected to a power source, which, in turn, transmits power to the diode. An LED used for lighting or illumination converts electrical energy to light in a manner that results in little radiant energy outside the visible spectrum.

[0005] Efforts have also been made to retrofit fluorescent light fixtures with an LED light fixtures. However, the heat generated by the LED light fixtures may cause problems related to the functions of the LEDs and light fixtures. In particular, the relatively high operating temperatures may degrade the performance of the LED light. For example, typical LED lights have a lifetime of approximately 50,000 hours at room temperature, but can be reduced significantly at higher operating temperatures. Thus, many retrofit LED light fixtures do not provide the anticipated benefits or longer life due to inadequate thermal ventilation and configuration. Therefore, there exists a need for an LED mounting system for a light fixture that is easy to install and includes adequate heat dissipation.

SUMMARY

[0006] In view of the foregoing background, it is therefore an object of the present invention to provide an improved LED mounting system for light fixtures.

[0007] This and other objects, features, and advantages in accordance with the present invention are provided by an LED board mounting system having a fixture frame with a planar surface, a plurality of alternating bosses disposed along a length of the planar surface of the fixture frame, and at least one LED board having a first side and a second side. In addition, a plurality of LEDs are disposed along a length of the at least one LED board on the first side, and a pair of electrical contacts are coupled to the plurality of LEDs and mounted to the second side of the at least one LED board and

extending away from the second side. In addition, a first edge and an opposing second edge of the at least one LED board is secured to the planar surface of the fixture frame between the plurality of alternating bosses, where the second side of the at least one LED board being adjacent to the planar surface of the fixture frame and the pair of electrical contacts extend through the planar surface.

[0008] A method aspect is directed to a method of mounting an LED board to a fixture frame, where the LED board has a plurality of LEDs mounted thereon and a pair of electrical contacts connected thereto. The method includes punching a hole through the planar surface of the fixture frame to form alternating bosses on a first side of the fixture frame. The method also includes aligning a first edge and opposing second edge of the LED board between the plurality of alternating bosses, where the LED board is adjacent to the first side of the planar surface of the fixture frame. In addition, the method includes securing the LED board to the fixture frame, where the pair of electrical contacts extend through the planar surface.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0009] FIG. 1 is a front perspective view of a LED board mounting system for a light fixture;

[0010] FIG. 2 is a front perspective view of an LED board in accordance with an embodiment of the invention;

[0011] FIG. 3 is a rear perspective view of the LED board;

[0012] FIG. 4 is an elevational view taken in the direction of line 4-4 of FIG. 1;

[0013] FIG. 5 is a rear perspective view of the LED board mounting system shown in FIG. 1;

[0014] FIG. 6 is an elevational view of a boss formed in a planar surface of the light fixture taken in the direction of line 6-6 of FIG. 5;

[0015] FIG. 7 is a top view of the boss shown in FIG. 6 taken in the direction of line 7-7 of FIG. 6;

[0016] FIG. 8 is a bottom view of the boss taken in the direction of line 8-8 of FIG. 6; and

[0017] FIG. 9 is front perspective view of an embodiment of the LED board mounting system having a plurality of LED boards.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0018] The present invention will now be described more fully hereinafter with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which preferred embodiments of the invention are shown. This invention may, however, be embodied in many different forms and should not be construed as limited to the embodiments set forth herein. Rather, these embodiments are provided so that this disclosure will be thorough and complete, and will fully convey the scope of the invention to those skilled in the art. Like numbers refer to like elements throughout.

[0019] Referring initially to FIGS. 1-3, an embodiment of the LED board mounting system 100 for a light fixture 102 in accordance with features of the present invention will be described. The LED board mounting system 100 includes a fixture frame 102 having a planar surface 105. A plurality of alternating bosses 106, 108 are disposed along a length of the planar surface 105 of the fixture frame 102. An LED board 104 is shown mounted to the fixture frame 102 and having a plurality of LEDs 110 disposed along a length of

the LED board **104** on a first side. The LEDs **110** are longitudinally aligned along the LED board **104** in a particular embodiment.

[0020] A pair of electrical contacts **120** on a second side of the LED board **104** are coupled to the plurality of LEDs **110**. A first edge **126** and opposing second edge **128** of the LED board **104** is secured to the planar surface **105** of the fixture frame **102** between the plurality of alternating bosses **106**, **108**. As shown in FIG. 1, the second side of the LED board **104** is adjacent to the planar surface **105** of the fixture frame **102** and having the pair of electrical contacts **120** extending through matching apertures **112** formed in the planar surface **105**. The electrical contacts **120** are configured to be connected to a power source in order to power the LEDs **110**.

[0021] Referring now to FIG. 4, the alternating bosses **106**, **108** can be seen protruding from the underside **107** of the planar surface **105** in the form of a band that is formed by punching through the planar surface **105**. The bosses **106**, **108** are orientated to alternate from one edge of the LED board **104** to the opposing second edge **108** in order to secure the LED board **104** to the planar surface **105**. The bosses **106**, **108** are formed from the planar surface **105** using a punching device.

[0022] FIG. 5 is a rear view of the LED mounting system **100** and, in particular, shows the underside of the fixture frame **102**. As described above, the electrical contacts **120** are slid through the apertures **120** to the rear of the fixture frame **102**. The electrical connection to a power supply and to other additional LED boards can be made at the underside of the fixture frame **102**. The top side of the fixture frame **102** is orientated so that when installed, the light generated from the LEDs **110** produces visible light for the user as in a typical office environment.

[0023] More detailed views of the boss **106** is shown in FIGS. 6-8. As described above, the fixture frame **102** includes a topside planar surface **105** and a bottom side planar surface **107**. A mechanical punch is used to force a portion of the planar surface **105** upwards and away to form a generally curved, or band, portion (i.e., the boss **106**) that protrudes above the planar surface **105**. A top view of the boss **106** shown in FIG. 7 shows that the boss **106** has a generally rectangular shape. When viewing the boss **106** from the bottom through the planar surface **107**, there is a rectangular hole with the boss **106** spanning over the hole.

[0024] Referring now to FIG. 9, a plurality of LED board **104** are shown mounted to the fixture frame **102**. In particular, the LED boards **104** are mounted in three columns, and being orientated in parallel with each other. In addition, LED boards **104** are shown in linear orientation with each other, so that there are two LED boards **104** in each column, and there are three columns of LED boards **104**. The LED boards **104** are electrically connected together and to a power source.

[0025] A method of mounting the LED boards **104** to the fixture frame **102** includes punching a hole through the planar surface **105** of the fixture frame **102** to form the alternating bosses **106**, **108** on a first side (i.e. topside) of the fixture frame **102**. Then, a first edge and opposing second edge of the LED board is aligned between the plurality of alternating bosses **106**, **108**, where the LED board **104** is mounted adjacent to the first side of the planar surface **105** of the fixture frame **102**. Each of The LED boards **104** can be secured to the fixture frame **102**, with the pair of electrical contacts **120** extending through the planar surface **105**. As

described above, the bosses **106**, **108** may be formed by a punching process, or other mechanical device that forms the bosses **106**, **108** directly from the material of the fixture frame. The material of the fixture frame is metal in a particular illustrative embodiment.

[0026] Many modifications and other embodiments of the invention will come to the mind of one skilled in the art having the benefit of the teachings presented in the foregoing descriptions and the associated drawings. Therefore, it is understood that the invention is not to be limited to the specific embodiments disclosed, and that modifications and embodiments are intended to be included within the scope of the appended claims.

What is claimed is:

1. A light board mounting system, the system comprising:
 - a fixture frame having a planar surface;
 - a plurality of alternating bosses disposed along a length of the planar surface of the fixture frame, each alternating boss comprising a band formed from a punched portion of the planar surface of the fixture frame;
 - at least one light board having a first side and a second side;
 - a plurality of lights disposed along a length of the at least one light board on the first side;
 - a pair of electrical contacts coupled to the plurality of lights, and mounted to the second side of the at least one light board and extending away from the second side; and
 - a first edge and opposing second edge of the at least one light board secured to the planar surface of the fixture frame between the plurality of alternating bosses, the second side of the at least one light board being adjacent to the planar surface of the fixture frame and the pair of electrical contacts extending through the planar surface.
2. The system of claim 1, further comprising an additional light board secured to the planar surface of the fixture frame, wherein the additional light board being coupled to the pair of electrical contacts of the at least one light board.
3. The system of claim 1, wherein the pair of electrical contacts are configured to be connected to a power source.
4. The system of claim 1, wherein the plurality of alternating bosses formed from the planar surface of the fixture frame.
5. The system of claim 1, wherein the band is a protruding band.
6. The system of claim 2, wherein the additional light board being longitudinally aligned with the at least one light board on the planar surface of the fixture frame.
7. The system of claim 2, wherein the additional light board being secured spaced apart relation and in parallel orientation to the at least one light board.
8. The system of claim 1, wherein the plurality of lights are arranged in a substantially linear orientation on the first side of the at least one light board.
9. The system of claim 2, wherein the additional light board and the at least one light board are electrically connected in series.
10. The system of claim 1, wherein the at least one light board comprises a dielectric substrate carrying the lights.
11. A light board mounting system, the system comprising:
 - a fixture frame having a planar surface; a plurality of alternating bosses disposed along a length of the planar

surface of the fixture frame and formed from the planar surface of the fixture frame, each alternating boss comprising a band formed from a punched portion of the planar surface of the fixture frame;

- a light board secured between the plurality of alternating bosses by a first edge and an opposing second edge of the light board;
- a plurality of lights disposed along a length of the light board; and
- a pair of electrical contacts coupled to the plurality of lights and the pair of electrical contacts extending through the planar surface.

12. The system of claim **11**, further comprising an additional light board secured to the planar surface of the fixture frame, wherein the additional light board being coupled to the pair of electrical contacts of the light board.

13. The system of claim **11**, wherein the pair of electrical contacts are configured to be connected to a power source.

14. The system of claim **11**, wherein the band is a protruding band.

15. The system of claim **12**, wherein the additional light board being longitudinally aligned with the light board on the planar surface of the fixture frame.

16. The system of claim **12**, wherein the additional light board being secured spaced apart relation and in parallel orientation to the light board.

17. The system of claim **11**, wherein the plurality of lights are arranged in a substantially linear orientation on a first side of the light board.

18. The system of claim **12**, wherein the additional light board and the light board are electrically connected in series.

19. The system of claim **11**, wherein the light board comprises a dielectric substrate carrying the lights.

20. A method of mounting a light board to a fixture frame, the light board having a plurality of lights mounted thereon and a pair of electrical contacts connected thereto, the method comprising:

punching a portion of a planar surface of the fixture frame to form each of a plurality of alternating bosses on a first side of the fixture frame;

aligning a first edge and opposing second edge of the light board between the plurality of alternating bosses, wherein the light board is adjacent to the first side of the planar surface of the fixture frame; and

securing the light board to the fixture frame, the pair of electrical contacts extending through the planar surface.

* * * * *